Name	Ke	.,	
TAMINE	1/6	(Please Print)	
Student N	umber		

Chem 115 - Section 1 Hour Examination I October 13, 2006

This test consists of five (5) pages, including this cover page. Be sure your copy is complete before beginning your work. If this test packet is defective, ask for another one.

A copy of the periodic table will be distributed with this test.

DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

TOTAL

α

Name Key

1. (10 points; 2 points each) Who did what? Match the person with the concept or discovery.

People

Becquerel	Chadwick	Dalton	Davy
Lavoisier	Mendeleev	Millikan	Moseley
Nagaoka	Proust	Thomson	Rutherford

Concepts and Discoveries

a	Proust	His Law of Definite Proportions lead to atomic theory
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2. (8 points; 4 points each) Give answers to the following items, which refer to $C_5H_4O_3$ (m.w. = 112.08 u). $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$; at. wt. C = 12.01, H = 1.008, O = 16.00 u.

C atoms in 0.4325 g of $C_5H_4O_3$ Weight percent C in $C_5H_4O_3$ $\begin{array}{c} 1.162 \times 10^{22} \\ \hline 53.587_0 \\ \end{array}$

3. (12 points; 6 points each) In the spaces provided, balance the following skeletal equations, using lowest whole number coefficients.

a.
$$Hg(NO_3)_2 + Fe \rightarrow Hg + Fe(NO_3)_3$$

 $3 Hg(NO_3)_2 + 2 Fe \rightarrow 3 Hg + 2 Fe(NO_3)_3$

b.
$$C_4H_6O_2 + O_2 \rightarrow ?$$
 (combustion)
 $C_4H_6O_2 + \frac{9}{2}O_2 \rightarrow 4CO_2 + 3H_2O$
 $\Rightarrow 2C_4H_6O_2 + 9O_2 \rightarrow 8CO_2 + 6H_2O$

Answer Fe

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4. (36 points; 6 points each part) Fill in the blanks with the correct answers.
a. Name the following compounds, using I.U.P.A.C. rules of nomenclature.
Fe(HCO3)2 iron(11) hydrogen carbonate
HC104 perchloric zeid
b. Give formulas for the following.
ammonium chromate (NH4), Cro4
tetraphosphorus decoxide P400
c. Indicate the number of protons (p), neutrons (n), and electrons (e).
70 Ga atom $p = 31$ $n = 39$ $e = 31$
$^{59}\text{Co}^{3+}$ ion $p = 27$ $n = 32$ $e = 24$
d. Give the symbol and name of the following elements:
3rd period alkali metal symbol Na name Sodium
transition element with $Z = 24$ symbol Cr name $Chromium$
e. Indicate whether each of the following compounds is ionic or molecular.
SO2 molecular Cas ionic
f. Answer the following:
(i) The answer to the problem $\frac{(10.53 - 9.5762)}{0.235093}$ should have 2 significant figures.
(ii) For each element, give the expected charge when it forms a monatomic ion:
sr <u>2+</u> I <u>I-</u> (or just-)
(iii) Which one of the following elements forms ionic compounds in which its monatomic ior might have one of two or more possible charges: Al, I, Fe, Ba, Cs?

- 5. (16 points) Answer both parts. Show work in the spaces provided to justify your answers.
- a. (12 points) A compound contains 88.818 % carbon and 11.182 % hydrogen. What is the empirical formula of this compound? (at. wts.: C = 12.01 u, H = 1.008 u)

Assume 100.00g compound,

$$mol C = (88.818gC) \left(\frac{mol C}{12.01gC}\right) = 7.395 mol C$$

 $mol H = (11.182gH) \left(\frac{mol H}{1.008gH}\right) = 11.09 mol H$
 $\implies 1.5 \implies 3$

b. (4 points) If the molecular weight of the compound is 54.09 u, what is its molecular formula?

$$f, \omega, C_2H_3 = 27.04$$

$$\frac{m.\omega.}{f.\omega.} = \frac{54.09}{27.04} = 2 \implies C_4H_6$$

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6. (18 points + 5 points bonus) The $B_{12}H_{12}^{2-}$ ion is a cage-like structure of twelve boron atoms. The sodium salt of this anion can be prepared by the following reaction:

$$2 \text{ NaBH}_4 + 5 \text{ B}_2 \text{H}_6 \rightarrow \text{Na}_2 \text{B}_{12} \text{H}_{12} + 13 \text{ H}_2$$

How many grams of H_2 gas will be produced when $Na_2B_{12}H_{12}$ is synthesized in the reaction of 0.250 g $NaBH_4$ and 0.400 g B_2H_6 ? You must identify the limiting reagent, based on appropriate calculations. Show work in the spaces provided to justify your answers. [f.w. $NaBH_4 = 37.83$ u; m.w. $B_2H_6 = 27.67$ u; f.w. $Na_2B_{12}H_{12} = 187.8$ u; m.w. $H_2 = 2.016$ u.]

$$mol B_2H_6 = (0.400g B_2H_6) \left(\frac{mol B_2H_6}{27.67g B_2H_6}\right) = 0.014456 mol 0.014456/5 = 0.00289_12 mol$$

BONUS (5 points) How many grams of the reactant that is *not* the limiting reagent will be left over after the reacion is complete?

$$gNaBH_4$$
 used = $(0.0144_{56}m_1lB_2H_6)$ $\frac{2m_1lNaBH_4}{5m_1lB_2H_6}$ $\frac{37.83qNaBH_4}{m_1lR_2lB_2H_6}$ $\frac{37.83qNaBH_4}{m_1lR_2lB_2H_6}$ $\frac{2m_1lNaBH_4}{m_1lR_2lB_2H_6}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2H_6}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lB_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lB_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1lR_2lR_2}{m_1lR_2lR_2}$ $\frac{2m_1$