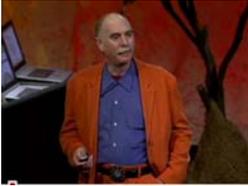


1. Identify this person.



- a. Eric Raymond
- b. Howard Rheingold
- c. Yochi Brenkler
- d. Chris Anderson
- e. Lawrence Lessing

Answer: _____

2. Match the following terms to their definitions.

- ___ 1. blog
- ___ 2. blogosphere
- ___ 3. Social bookmarking
- ___ 4. podcast
- ___ 5. WiFi
- ___ 6. rss

a. a method for Internet users to store, organize, search, and manage bookmarks of web pages on the Internet with the help of metadata.

b. a digital recording of a radio broadcast or similar program made available on the internet for downloading to a personal audio player.

c. is a set of product compatibility standards for wireless local area networks (WLAN) based on the IEEE 802.11 specifications.

d. the collective term encompassing all weblogs or blogs as a community or social network.

e. a family of web feed formats used to publish frequently updated digital content, such as blogs, news feeds or podcasts.

f. a Web site that contains an online personal journal with reflections, comments, and often hyperlinks provided by the writer.

3. Match the citation format to the references type below

- ___ 1. Journal article, changed/doubtful source
- ___ 2. Electronic facsimile (PDF)
- ___ 3. Journal article, retrieved from a database
- ___ 4. Online journal (paged by issue)

a. Hypericum Depression Trial Study Group. (2002). Effect of Hypericum perforatum (St John's Wort) in major depressive disorder: A randomized controlled trial [Electronic version]. JAMA, 287, 1807-1814.

b. Hypericum Depression Trial Study Group. (2002). Effect of Hypericum perforatum (St John's Wort) in major depressive disorder: A randomized controlled trial. JAMA, 287, 1807-1814. Retrieved July 7, 2002, from <http://www.jama.org/articles.html>

c. Hypericum Depression Trial Study Group. (2002). Effect of Hypericum perforatum (St John's Wort) in major depressive disorder: A randomized controlled trial. JAMA, 287, 1807-1814. Retrieved July 7, 2002, from MEDSYS database.

d. Kortepeter, M. G., & Parker, G. W. (1999). Potential biological weapons threats. Emerging Infectious Diseases, 5(4). Retrieved January 20, 2003, from <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/EID/vol5no4/kortepeter.htm>

4. A group made up of lawyers, scholars, and activists who fear that bolstering copyright protection in the name of foiling "piracy" will have disastrous consequences for society - hindering the ability to experiment and create, and eroding our democratic freedoms. What are these reformers called?



- a. bloggers
- b. wikipedians
- c. The Free Culture movement
- d. The Digital Millenium movement
- e. Viridians

Answer: _____

5. A _____ is a clever solution to an interesting problem.

Answer: _____

6. Match the word/s to the operation that it will perform.

- ___ 1. and
- ___ 2. or
- ___ 3. and and or
- ___ 4. not

- a. is used when a term needs to be excluded
- b. When used in one search statement, you must put parentheses around the items that are to be performed separately.
- c. will result in Web pages that have either term
- d. indicates that only those Web pages that have both words in them will be retrieved

7. With no editorial board, _____ works amazingly well. According to statistics on the site, since it was founded in 2001, the English-language version has drawn 857,750 registered users. Far fewer than this are still active, perhaps as many as 15,000. The users have developed a complex and more-or-less democratic system of rules and policies for contributions, such as neutral point of view, civility, citation of sources, and no libel or vandalism.

Answer: _____

8. Which statements are true about the impact of blogging?

- a. Blogging has empowered Big Media Companies by increasing the gap between between the media haves and the media have-only-a-laptop-and-an-internet connection.
- b. The blogosphere has become an invaluable tool for holding the mainstream media's feet to the fire
- c. Blogging has discouraged the little guy because it's harder to stand out in a sea of blogs.
- d. The blogosphere has fueled mainstream's media's tendency to gloss over the details contained in news stories.
- e. Blogging has empowered the little guy - leveling the playing field between the media haves and the media have-only-a-laptop-and-an-internet connection.

Answer: _____

9. _____ is a piece of server software that allows users to freely create and edit Web page content using any Web browser. It supports hyperlink and has a simple text _____ for creating new pages and crosslinks between internal pages on the fly. It is unusual among _____ mechanisms in that it allows the organization of contributions to be edited in addition to the content itself. Like many simple concepts, "_____" has some profound and subtle effects on its usage. Allowing everyday users to create and edit any page in a Web site is exciting in that it encourages _____ use of the Web and promotes content composition by nontechnical users.

- a. Wiki
- b. open editing
- c. group communication
- d. syntax
- e. democratic

10. A _____ is a website or web application that combines content from more than one source.

Answer: _____

11. Web 2.0 is:

- a. is a new technology that allows new types of applications to be built.
- b. an application built on different technical architecture from WEB 1.0.
- c. a second generation of internet applications that take advantage of the social architecture of the internet.
- d. a new computer operating system

Answer: _____

12. Match these different types of social networks

- ___ 1. digg
- ___ 2. ning
- ___ 3. delicious
- ___ 4. folksonomy
- ___ 5. flickr

- a. social bookmark
- b. online community
- c. user generated taxonomy
- d. photo community
- e. social news

13. _____ bookmarking is a user defined _____ system for _____. Such a taxonomy is sometimes called a _____ and bookmarks are referred to as _____.

- a. folksonomy
- b. taxonomy
- c. tags
- d. Social
- e. bookmarks

14. _____ networks are architected to scale _____ to new heights, both in terms of the extend of self-expression as well as the reach of _____.

- a. Social
- b. self-expression
- c. distribution

15. Select the best definition of a Mashup:

- a. A single application running on the internet is a Mashup
- b. An application that contains a hyperlink is a Mashup.
- c. Any application running on the internet can be considered to be a Mashup.
- d. Internet content created by linking two or more Web 2.0 applications together in a new context is a Mashup.

Answer: _____

16. Select the best definition of the "long tail of the internet" first coined by Chris Anderson.

- a. An economic theory for businesses that recommends selling products in low demand by a large group of customers
- b. A business model that works by selling products that are in high demand by a relatively small group of customers.
- c. Any business that sells merchandise on the internet.
- d. An economic or business model for the internet that works by selling seasonal products in high demand.

Answer: _____

17. Diggit, reddit, and newsvine are examples of:

- a. social bookmark sites
- b. folksonomies
- c. social news sites
- d. wikis

Answer: _____

18. In Eric Raymond's essay, The Cathedral and the Bazaar, he compares two different software development styles. The term _____ describes the _____ approach while the _____ describes the _____ model.



- a. 'bazaar'
- b. 'cathedral'
- c. commercial
- d. Linux

19. Match the first generation of web applications to the Web 2.0 applications.

- ___ 1. Britannica Online
- ___ 2. Personal Websites
- ___ 3. Publishing
- ___ 4. Mp3.com
- ___ 5. Directories
- ___ 6. News sites
- ___ 7. bookmarks

- a. Podcasting
- b. Blogging
- c. Tagging
- d. Rss tags
- e. Tag Clouds
- f. Wikipedia
- g. Participation

20. Identify this person.



- a. Howard Rheingold
- b. Yochi Brenkler
- c. Lawrence Lessig
- d. Vinton Cert
- e. Richard Stallman

Answer: _____

21. _____ culture is the creative practice of appropriation and free sharing of found and created content. Examples include collage, found footage film, music, and appropriation art.

Answer: _____

22. What does the acronym RSS stand for?

- a. Really Simple Stupid
- b. Reading Special Signals
- c. Real Simple Syndication
- d. Reading System Syndication

Answer: _____