

Language Development and Literacy Pretest

1. List the five aspects or components of language knowledge:
2. Which develops first: receptive language or expressive language?
3. What is the smallest linguistic unit of sound called?
4. What is the term that refers to the rules or grammar that governs how words, sentences and meaningful phrases are uttered?
5. What is the term that refers to knowledge of how language is used differently in various situations:
6. Which develops first: language or object permanence?
7. Eye contact and shared reference are often used as focal points to begin conversations with infants. True or False
8. Questioning, expansion and/or repetition are examples of?
9. The proficiency required to engage in academic tasks in which the learner must rely on linguistic cues to develop meaning (reading text, listening to directions, etc.) of a particular concept is referred to as:
10. Cooing occurs before babbling. True or False
11. Phonemic awareness begins in toddlerhood. True or False
12. It is more difficult for a preschooler to talk about a past or future event than one in the present. True or False
13. Vocabulary has been linked to later reading success. True or False
14. When does language development begin?
15. What is Noam Chomsky's LAD
16. List the 4 concepts and skills included in the term language arts.

17. Listen and Reading are examples of _____ language.
18. Speaking and writing are examples of _____ language.
19. Adults' responses and feedback to children's language have been associated with the role of the environment in facilitating oral language. True or False
20. Book reading with toddlers fosters engagement and increases children's attention and language interactions. True or False