



1. (1 pt)

Find the area enclosed between $f(x) = 0.2x^2 + 4$ and $g(x) = x$ from $x = -6$ to $x = 7$.

2. (1 pt) Find the area of the region enclosed between $y = 3 \sin(x)$ and $y = 2 \cos(x)$ from $x = 0$ to $x = 0.9\pi$.

Hint: Notice that this region consists of two parts.

3. (1 pt) Consider the area between the graphs $x + 3y = 6$ and $x + 4 = y^2$. This area can be computed in two different ways using integrals

First of all it can be computed as a sum of two integrals

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx + \int_b^c g(x) dx$$

where $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, $c = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ and

$f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$g(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Alternatively this area can be computed as a single integral

$$\int_\alpha^\beta h(y) dy$$

where $\alpha = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, $\beta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ and

$h(y) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Either way we find that the area is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

4. (1 pt) Sketch the region enclosed by $y = 6x$ and $y = 4x^2$. Decide whether to integrate with respect to x or y . Then find the area of the region.

5. (1 pt) Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves. Decide whether to integrate with respect to x or y . Then find the area of the region.
 $y = 4x^2, y = x^2 + 4$

6. (1 pt) There is a line through the origin that divides the region bounded by the parabola $y = 6x - 5x^2$ and the x -axis into two regions with equal area. What is the slope of that line?