

1. (1 pt) Suppose $\bar{u} = -3i - 2j$, $\bar{v} = -3i - 3j - 2k$ and $\bar{w} = -5j + 2k$.

Compute the following values:

$$\begin{aligned} |\bar{u}| + |\bar{v}| &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ |-5\bar{u}| + 5|\bar{v}| &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ |2\bar{u} - 4\bar{v} + \bar{w}| &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \frac{1}{|\bar{w}|}\bar{w} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \left| \frac{1}{|\bar{w}|}\bar{w} \right| &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

2. (1 pt) Find **unit** vectors that satisfy the given conditions:

- (1) The unit vector in the same direction as $\langle -1, 5 \rangle$ is
 _____.
- (2) The unit vector oppositely directed to $-i - 2j + 2k$ is
 _____.
- (3) The unit vector that has the same direction as the vector from the point $A = (2, 4)$ to the point $B = (-1, 9)$ is
 _____.

3. (1 pt) Suppose $\bar{u} = \langle -1, -1 \rangle$ and $\bar{v} = \langle 2, 0 \rangle$ are two vectors that form the sides of a parallelogram. Then the lengths of the two diagonals of the parallelogram are _____ and _____.

4. (1 pt) Consider the vector \bar{v} between $(-1, -4, 2)$ and $(8, 8, -5)$.

- (1) The vector \bar{v} is _____.
- (2) The length of \bar{v} is _____.
- (3) If the tail of \bar{v} is at $(0, 4, -5)$, then the tip is at _____.
- (4) If the tip of \bar{v} is at $(-4, 2, 2)$ then its tail is at _____.
- (5) What vector has the same length as \bar{v} , but points in the opposite direction? _____.

(6) What vector has the same direction as \bar{v} , but is twice as long? _____.

5. (1 pt) Suppose $\bar{u} = \langle -3, 2, 5 \rangle$ and $\bar{v} = \langle 5, 5, 5 \rangle$. Then:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{u} + \bar{v} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \bar{u} - \bar{v} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \bar{v} - \bar{u} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 8\bar{u} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ -\frac{1}{3}\bar{v} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 8\bar{u} - 6\bar{v} &= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \end{aligned}$$

6. (1 pt)

Let $\mathbf{a} = \langle 5, -4, 1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle -2, 3, -3 \rangle$.

Compute:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} &= (\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \\ \mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b} &= (\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \\ 2\mathbf{a} &= (\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \\ 3\mathbf{a} + 4\mathbf{b} &= (\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \\ |\mathbf{a}| &= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{aligned}$$

7. (1 pt)

Let $\mathbf{a} = \langle -5, 3, -2 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{b} = \langle 4, 1, -2 \rangle$.

Show that there are scalars s and t so that $s\mathbf{a} + t\mathbf{b} = \langle 17, 0, -4 \rangle$

You might want to sketch the vectors to get some intuition.

$$\begin{aligned} s &= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\ t &= \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \end{aligned}$$

8. (1 pt)

A child walks due east on the deck of a ship at 5 miles per hour.

The ship is moving north at a speed of 7 miles per hour.

Find the speed and direction of the child relative to the surface of the water.

Speed = _____ mph

The angle of the direction from the north = _____ (radians)